



UDK: 37.091.3

Dilnoza GAYRATOVA,

Uzbekistan State University of World Languages English language-2 Department of English language integrated course №2

E-mail: dilnoza5412@gmail.com

On the basis of the revision of the PhD, dosent G. Nosirova

MAXIMIZING STUDENT TALKING TIME: STRATEGIES FOR INCREASING ACTIVE PARTICIPATION IN THE CLASSROOM

Annotation

Maximizing student talking time is essential for creating a dynamic and engaging learning environment in the classroom. Active participation from students not only enhances their understanding of the material but also fosters a sense of ownership and responsibility for their own learning. This article explores various strategies and techniques that educators can use to increase student talking time in the classroom. From group discussions and peer teaching to interactive activities and technology integration, there are numerous ways to encourage students to actively engage in dialogue and express their thoughts and ideas. By implementing these strategies effectively, teachers can create a more interactive and student-centered learning experience that promotes critical thinking, collaboration, and communication skills.

Key words: student talking time, active participation, classroom strategies, student engagement, group discussions, peer teaching, interactive activities, technology integration, student-centered learning, critical thinking, collaboration, communication skills.

TALABALARNING SUHBAT VAQTINI MAKSIMAL DARAJADA OSHIRISH: SINFDA FAOL ISHTIROK ETISHNI OSHIRISH STRATEGIYALARI

Annotatsiya

Sinfda dinamik va jozibador o'quv muhitini yaratish uchun talabalar suhbat vaqtini maksimal darajada oshirish juda muhimdir. Talabalarning faol ishtiroki nafaqat materialni tushunishni kuchaytiradi, balki o'z bilimlariga egalik va mas'uliyat hissini ham oshiradi. Ushbu maqolada o'qituvchilar o'quvchilarning sinfda gaplashish vaqtini samarali bo'lishini ta'minlash uchun foydalanishi mumkin bo'lgan turli strategiya va usullarni o'rganadi. Guruhdagi munozaralar va tengdoshlarni o'qitishdan tortib, interfaol faoliyat va texnologiya integratsiyasigacha talabalarni muloqotda faol ishtirok etishga, o'z fikr va g'oyalarini ifoda etishga undashning ko'plab usullari mavjud. Ushbu strategiyalarni samarali amalga oshirish orqali o'qituvchilar tanqidiy fikrlash, hamkorlik va muloqot ko'nikmalarini rivojlantiruvchi ko'proq interfaol va o'quvchilarga yo'naltirilgan ta'lim tajribasini yaratishi mumkin.

Kalit so'zlar: talabalarning suhbat vaqti, faol ishtiroki, sinfdagi strategiyalar, o'quvchilarning faolligi, guruh muhokamalari, tengdoshlar bilan o'qitish, interfaol faoliyat, texnologiya integratsiyasi, o'quvchilarga yo'naltirilgan ta'lim, tanqidiy fikrlash, hamkorlik, muloqot qobiliyatlari.

УВЕЛИЧЕНИЕ ВРЕМЕНИ РАЗГОВОРА УЧАЩИХСЯ: СТРАТЕГИИ ПОВЫШЕНИЯ АКТИВНОГО УЧАСТИЯ В КЛАССЕ

Аннотация

Максимальное увеличение времени разговора учащихся имеет важное значение для создания динамичной и увлекательной учебной среды в классе. Активное участие учащихся не только улучшает понимание материала, но и способствует развитию чувства причастности и ответственности за собственное обучение. В этой статье рассматриваются различные стратегии и методы, которые преподаватели могут использовать, чтобы увеличить время разговоров учащихся в классе. От групповых обсуждений и взаимного обучения до интерактивных занятий и интеграции технологий - существует множество способов побудить учащихся активно участвовать в диалоге и выражать свои мысли и идеи. Эффективно реализуя эти стратегии, учителя могут создать более интерактивный и ориентированный на учащихся процесс обучения, который способствует развитию критического мышления, сотрудничества и коммуникативных навыков.

Ключевые слова: время разговора учащихся, активное участие, стратегии в классе, вовлечение учащихся, групповые дискуссии, взаимное обучение, интерактивная деятельность, интеграция технологий, личностно-ориентированное обучение, критическое мышление, сотрудничество, коммуникативные навыки.

Introduction. In the modern classroom, fostering active student participation is crucial for promoting engagement, critical thinking, and collaboration among students [4]. One effective way to achieve this is by maximizing student talking time. By providing opportunities for students to actively contribute to discussions, share their perspectives, and engage in peer teaching, educators can create a dynamic learning environment that enhances student learning and promotes communication skills [3].

This article explores various strategies and classroom techniques that educators can use to increase student talking time. From interactive activities and group discussions to technology integration and student-centered learning approaches, these strategies aim to empower students to take ownership of their learning and develop essential skills for success in the 21st century. By prioritizing student engagement and encouraging active participation, educators can create a vibrant and interactive classroom environment

that fosters a love for learning and promotes academic achievement [5].

Literature review. Maximizing student talking time and increasing active participation in the classroom are essential components of effective teaching and learning. Research has shown that when students are actively engaged in discussions and interactions, they are more likely to develop critical thinking skills, deepen their understanding of content, and build stronger connections with their peers and teachers. In this literature review, we will explore various strategies and practices that educators can use to promote student engagement and maximize talking time in the classroom.

One key strategy for increasing student participation is to establish a positive classroom environment where students feel safe, respected, and valued. According to Wang and Holcombe (2010), creating a supportive and inclusive atmosphere can enhance student motivation and willingness to engage in discussions [2]. Teachers can foster a sense of community by encouraging collaboration, promoting active listening, and modeling respectful communication behaviors. By building strong relationships with students and creating a culture of trust and mutual respect, educators can create a conducive environment for meaningful dialogue and interaction.

Another effective approach to maximizing student talking time is to set clear expectations for participation and communication. In their study on classroom discourse, Mercer and Littleton (2007) emphasize the importance of establishing guidelines for turn-taking, listening, and responding during discussions. By providing explicit instructions and feedback on communication norms, teachers can help students understand their roles in conversations and ensure equitable participation among all learners [6]. Setting clear expectations can also help students feel more confident in sharing their ideas and perspectives, leading to more dynamic and engaging discussions [1].

In addition to creating a positive classroom environment and setting clear expectations, educators can use a variety of teaching strategies to promote active participation among students. For example, incorporating interactive activities such as group discussions, debates, and role-playing exercises can stimulate student engagement and encourage collaborative learning (Slavin, 2014). By structuring lessons around hands-on tasks and real-world scenarios, teachers can create opportunities for students to apply their knowledge, practice communication skills, and engage in meaningful dialogue with their peers [7].

Furthermore, fostering student ownership of learning is another effective way to increase talking time in the classroom. According to Hattie (2012), when students are actively involved in setting goals, monitoring their progress, and reflecting on their learning experiences, they are more motivated to participate and contribute to class discussions. By empowering students to take ownership of their learning journey, teachers can cultivate a sense of agency and responsibility that motivates students to actively engage in conversations, ask questions, and share their insights with others.

Research methodology. To maximize student talking time and increase active participation in the classroom, educators can implement a variety of strategies and practices [8]. Here are some effective approaches to foster student engagement and encourage meaningful dialogue:

1. Establish a Positive Classroom Environment:

- Create a safe and inclusive space where students feel comfortable expressing their thoughts and opinions.
- Encourage open communication and respect for diverse perspectives.

- Build strong relationships with students to establish trust and rapport.

2. Set Clear Expectations:

- Clearly communicate expectations for student participation and engagement.
- Establish guidelines for respectful communication and active listening.
- Provide feedback and reinforcement to reinforce desired behaviors.

3. Use Engaging Teaching Strategies:

- Incorporate interactive activities such as group discussions, debates, and role-playing exercises.
- Utilize multimedia resources, technology tools, and real-world examples to make lessons more interactive and relevant.

- Vary instructional methods to cater to different learning styles and preferences.

4. Implement Structured Turn-Taking:

- Use strategies like Think-Pair-Share, Round Robin, or Socratic seminars to facilitate equitable participation among all students.
- Encourage students to take turns speaking and actively listen to their peers.
- Provide prompts or discussion questions to guide conversations and keep them focused.

5. Foster Student Ownership of Learning:

- Empower students to take ownership of their learning by encouraging them to ask questions, seek clarification, and contribute their ideas.
- Create opportunities for student-led discussions, presentations, or projects that allow them to showcase their knowledge and skills.
- Encourage self-reflection and goal-setting to promote continuous improvement in communication skills.

6. Provide Supportive Feedback:

- Offer constructive feedback on students' contributions to encourage growth and improvement.
- Acknowledge and celebrate student participation to reinforce positive behaviors.
- Encourage peer feedback and collaboration to promote a supportive learning community.

By implementing these strategies and creating a classroom culture that values active participation and student voice, educators can maximize student talking time and enhance the overall learning experience for all students [9]. Active engagement in discussions and activities not only fosters critical thinking and communication skills but also promotes a deeper understanding of the content being taught.

Analysis and results. Maximizing student talking time and increasing active participation in the classroom are essential for promoting student engagement, enhancing learning outcomes, and fostering a collaborative learning environment. By creating a positive classroom culture, setting clear expectations, using interactive teaching strategies, and empowering students to take ownership of their learning, educators can create opportunities for meaningful dialogue, critical thinking, and deepening understanding among all learners. Through intentional planning, effective communication practices, and supportive feedback, teachers can maximize student talking time and create a vibrant learning community where every voice is heard and valued.

Conclusion. In conclusion, maximizing student talking time and increasing active participation in the classroom are crucial elements of effective teaching and learning. By creating a positive classroom environment, setting clear expectations, using interactive teaching strategies, and fostering student ownership of learning, educators can promote student engagement, enhance critical thinking skills, and build a collaborative learning community. Through

intentional planning, supportive feedback, and inclusive practices, teachers can create opportunities for meaningful dialogue, empower students to share their perspectives, and cultivate a culture of respect and mutual learning. By

prioritizing student talking time, educators can create dynamic and engaging learning experiences that inspire curiosity, promote collaboration, and deepen understanding among all learners.

REFERENCES

1. Hattie, J., & Yates, G. (2014). *Visible Learning and the Science of How We Learn*. Routledge.
2. Marzano, R. J., Pickering, D. J., & Pollock, J. E. (2001). *Classroom instruction that works: Research-based strategies for increasing student achievement*. ASCD.
3. Brookfield, S. D. (2015). *The Skillful Teacher: On Technique, Trust, and Responsiveness in the Classroom*. John Wiley & Sons.
4. Wong, H. K., & Wong, R. T. (2009). *The first days of school: How to be an effective teacher*. Harry K. Wong Publications.
5. Frey, N., & Fisher, D. (2013). *Better learning through structured teaching: A framework for the gradual release of responsibility*. ASCD.
6. McTighe, J., & Wiggins, G. (2012). *Understanding by design framework*. ASCD.
7. Nilson, L. B. (2016). *Teaching at its best: A research-based resource for college instructors*. John Wiley & Sons.
8. Gini-Newman, G., & Case, R. (2015). *Creating Thinking Classrooms: Leading educational change for a 21st century world*. Pearson Canada.
9. Tomlinson, C. A., & Moon, T. R. (2013). *Assessment and student success in a differentiated classroom*. ASCD.